

# Year 5 Mind It: Lesson 2



## Project Part Two: Facts or Fiction

### Background:

The internet is a fantastic space to answer questions, investigate topics and more. There is a never-ending supply of websites, articles, social media posts and they all present information in different ways. Pupils should be taught to recognise the way information is presented e.g. snappy headlines, clickbait can heavily influence what others think and believe. Pupils will learn that there are trustworthy websites and sources of information, but they should rely on their own beliefs to discern the facts from the fiction.

<b>Key Concepts</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Pupils should rely on trustworthy sources of information online</li><li>2. Not all information online can be trusted as true</li><li>3. The way information is presented online is designed to influence the reader</li></ol>
<b>Badge Descriptors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• I can describe the link between information found online and people's opinions</li><li>• I understand how information found online can be subjective</li><li>• I can assess how valid information found online can be</li></ul>

### Glossary

clickbait	Content whose main purpose is to attract attention and encourage visitors to click on a link to a particular web page.
comments	This is the term used whenever a user is replying to a post made by either themselves or somebody else. All comments will appear together with the original post. The end result may look like a discussion.
internet	The internet is a network, or system, that connects millions of computers worldwide.
Natterhub feed	This is the main page that all users within a class will be able to see. This is an area for pupils and teachers to share posts. These posts can then be viewed and commented on by all members of the class.
online	When you are working connected to the internet, usually via a website, or on devices such as computers, tablets and mobile phones.
post	This is something which a user has shared on social media. It may be text they have written or something they have shared, such as a photo or a video. A post on Natterhub will be visible to all other users within the class.
Safe Search engine	This refers to the way in which children can safely search for something online. For example, children may need to search for information on a particular subject. Although many school devices will have a Safe Search option enabled, it is still important to remind pupils that if they see anything which makes them feel uncomfortable, they should report it immediately to a trusted adult in the room.
social media	Online groups, chat rooms and sites where people can chat, share and interact with people all over the world.
YouTube	A video sharing website where users upload their own content.